

**TO:** Health Care Providers and Facilities  
**FROM:** Office of the Chief Medical Examiner

**Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidelines for Death Certification and Disposition of Remains  
for Health Care Providers/Facilities**

**Updates in Red**

**Introduction:** Deaths from COVID-19 are due to a natural disease process, and although the number of these deaths may become large, they do not fall under the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner's (OCME) statutory authority. Therefore, these deaths may be certified by local physicians (see Death Certification below). As with any fatality, three main processes must be accomplished: Identification of the deceased, Certification of Death and Disposal/Disposition of the remains. The OCME, along with partner agencies, can assist with these processes. It is expected that most persons dying from COVID-19 will die in a hospital or other health care facility (e.g. nursing home or hospice facility). There may be some deaths outside of a health care setting (i.e. "outpatient" deaths). The processes for these two groups of fatalities is as follows.

**Health Care/Long-Term Care Facility Deaths:** Since these individuals will presumably be identified and have a known or presumed natural death due to COVID-19, the decedent's physician will be responsible for certifying the death (see Death Certification guidelines below), and the facility will release remains to funeral homes (see Disposition of Remains below).

**Confirmed or suspected COVID19-related deaths must be reported to the Vermont Department of Health, Infectious Disease Epidemiology Program at 802-863-7240 or 800-640-4374 (within Vermont only) from 7:45 a.m. through 4:30 p.m. on business days. Both laboratory confirmed and clinical diagnoses (with no testing or pending testing) are reportable.**

**Outpatient Deaths:** Deaths occurring outside a health care facility will come to the attention of authorities by the usual means; typically, a telephone call to local police or emergency services who will then notify the OCME.

- For decedents with **no known** (or inferred from scene findings) "flu-like" symptoms or known close contact with symptomatic or COVID-19 positive person, the body may be transported to a local funeral home/crematory with subsequent certification by either the decedent's physician or the OCME (as per routine procedures).
- For decedents with **known** (or inferred from scene findings) "flu-like" symptoms or known close contact with symptomatic or COVID-19 positive person, the OCME will be notified and assume jurisdiction to determine the need for laboratory confirmation.
- If there is any suggestion of "foul play" or unnatural death, the usual procedures regarding unexpected or violent deaths will proceed, involving Police, State's Attorneys and the OCME.
- If the identity of the decedent cannot be confirmed, the OCME will be notified.

**Death Certification: Deaths related solely to Coronavirus Disease-19 (COVID-19) should be certified as such, and whether the diagnosis was laboratory confirmed or presumed based on clinical history and/or circumstances should be indicated<sup>1</sup>.** Indicating the causal pathway (mechanism) leading to death in Part I of the certificate is encouraged. For example, in cases when COVID-19 infection causes acute respiratory distress syndrome due to pneumonia, these can be included on lines A and B followed by Coronavirus Disease-19 (COVID-19) on line C in Part I (See Example 1 below). If the decedent had other chronic conditions such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) or asthma that may have also contributed, these conditions can be reported in Part II (Contributory Conditions).

Scenarios and recommended certification examples follow.

1. A patient with fever, respiratory symptoms, and laboratory confirmation of Coronavirus (COVID-19) develops pneumonia and acute respiratory distress syndrome and subsequently dies:

**Part I. Cause of Death:**

- A. Acute respiratory distress syndrome
- B. Pneumonia
- C. Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19), Laboratory confirmed

**Part II. Contributory Conditions:** List all relevant underlying diseases that contributed to death.

2. A patient with fever and respiratory symptoms is suspected of having COVID-19 based on clinical evaluation and circumstances, but has no laboratory confirmation of COVID-19 (or has pending test) at the time of death:

**Part I. Cause of Death:** Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19), Presumed (or “Test pending” if applicable)

**Part II. Contributory Conditions:** List all relevant underlying diseases that contributed to death.

**Disposition of Remains:** Following proper identification and death certification, remains will be released for final disposition. In accordance with current routine processes for remains not under jurisdiction of the OCME, the facility where the patient died will facilitate disposition of remains to funeral homes according to wishes of the next of kin or pre-arrangements made by the patient. Inform the funeral director of the COVID-19 status.

If no funeral home is available or next of kin is not available or not willing to make disposition, causing the facility to exceed remains storage, the facility may request OCME assistance by calling 1-888-552-2952. Regional Temporary Mortuaries operated by the OCME may be used in such situations.

**Body Handling and Storage:** Most often, spread of Coronavirus between living persons happens with close contact (i.e., within about 6 feet) via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes, similar to the spread of influenza. This route of transmission is not a concern when handling deceased human remains outside the setting of autopsy or other activities that may aerosolize potentially infectious tissues or fluids.

Postmortem handling activities should be conducted using Standard Precautions<sup>2</sup>, focusing on preventing direct contact with infectious material, fluids and embalming chemicals, percutaneous injury, and the hazards of moving heavy remains. Personal protective equipment (PPE) should include **disposable nitrile gloves**, a **long-sleeved fluid-resistant or impermeable gown**, and a **plastic face shield or face mask with goggles** to protect exposed skin, eyes, nose, and mouth from contact or splashes of potentially infectious bodily fluids is recommended. An N95 mask is not necessary when handling the remains of persons who have died from COVID-19 outside the setting of an autopsy or other aerosol-generating procedure.

Deceased persons should be secured in sealed body bags, which are clearly identified with the deceased demographic information (full name, date of birth and date and place of death). Ideally bodies should be in heavy-duty “trauma bags” which have handles to facilitate body movement. Minimally, medium-duty bags can be used. Disinfect the outside of the body bag with an EPA-registered hospital disinfectant applied according to the manufacturer’s recommendations. Wear disposable nitrile gloves when handling a body bag containing remains.

After PPE has been removed, wash hands immediately with soap and water for 20 seconds. If hands are not visibly dirty and soap and water are not available, an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains 60%-95% alcohol may be used.

<sup>1</sup> Cause of death statements for deaths due to other viruses, such as the influenza virus, should also indicate whether the diagnosis was laboratory confirmed or presumed.

<sup>2</sup> CDC recommendations for Standard Precautions can be found at <https://www.cdc.gov/oralhealth/infectioncontrol/summary-infection-prevention-practices/standard-precautions.html>

If you have any questions, please contact the HAN Coordinator at 802-859-5900 or [vthan@vermont.gov](mailto:vthan@vermont.gov).

### **HAN Message Type Definitions**

*Health Alert:* Conveys the highest level of importance; warrants immediate action or attention.

*Health Advisory:* Provides important information for a specific incident or situation that may not require immediate action.

*Health Update:* Provides updated information regarding an incident or situation; unlikely to require immediate action.

*Info Service Message:* Provides general correspondence from VDH, which is not necessarily considered to be of an emergent nature.